

# Minchinhampton Common



Harebell

## How to mark a Lark

Skylarks are most easily spotted when they are singing, so listen carefully when you are out for your walks. Do not attempt to walk to where the lark is singing as you may inadvertently damage a nest. If you spot a lark, estimate how far away from the path it is, and mark it with an 'X' in the appropriate square. Only mark each bird once.

Record the time range and date of your walk on your leaflet. Drop your leaflet back to the SVP eco shop on Threadneedle Street, Stroud, take a picture of your leaflet and send it to [info@stroudvalleysproject.org](mailto:info@stroudvalleysproject.org), or tag us on social media.

### Key



Time:

Date:

Amberley

Burleigh



Cow

Minchinhampton Reservoir

Cirencester Rd

Culver Hill

Windmill Rd



Cowslip



Bee Orchid

The Old Lodge



## What else lives here?

Minchinhampton Common is a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) due to its rare ecology and special geology. It is also a Scheduled Ancient Monument, with sites spanning from prehistory to the Second World War.

More than 100 different species of grasses and wildflowers have been recorded here, including Crested Dog's-tail, Harebells, Chalk Milkwort and orchids, including Frog and Bee orchids.

As a result of its great grassland it also has lots of invertebrates, including Chalkhill Blues, Adonis Blues and the rare Duke of Burgundy butterflies.

Skylark



Adonis Blue



Halfway Cafe

